

Kale

[KL5-750 - Dwarf Blue Curled Scotch Kale](#)

56 days. Brassica oleracea. Open Pollinated. This early variety produces flavorful green leaves. Great in salads, sandwiches, and soups. Also great steamed, boiled, baked, or stir-fried. Great freezing variety too! This variety withstands colder weather better than other varieties. It is one of the best frost-resistant kales on the market. Cold Resistant. An excellent choice for home gardens. An heirloom variety dating back to 1863. United States Department of Agriculture, NSL 80302.



[KL4-750 - Dwarf Siberian Improved Kale Seeds](#)

50 days. Brassica oleracea. Open Pollinated. Dwarf Siberian Improved Kale. The plant produces excellent yields of very flavorful dark green kale leaves. Used fresh in salads, on sandwiches, or steamed, in stir-fries, or as a colorful garnish. An excellent choice for home gardens. An heirloom variety from Russia. United States Department of Agriculture, NSL 6148.



[KL11-750 - Lacinato Kale Seeds](#)

62 days. Brassica oleracea. Open Pollinated. Lacinato Kale. This early-maturing plant produces high yields of flavorful blue-green kale leaves. It is sweet and tender. Used fresh in salads, on sandwiches, in soups, or cooked. It is best eaten when leaves are small and tender. The flavor is enhanced by frost! Also known as Dinosaur Kale, Tuscan Kale, Black Cabbage Kale, Black Kale, Black Palm Kale, Cavolo Palmizio Kale, Nero di Toscana Kale, and Tuscan Black Palm Cabbage. Suitable for hydroponics gardening. Cold Tolerant. An excellent choice for home gardens, market growers, and open field production. Grown by Jefferson at Monticello, Virginia, USA. A 1700s heirloom from Tuscany, Italy.



[KL2-750 - Red Russian Kale Seeds](#)

50 days. Brassica napus. Open Pollinated. Red Russian Kale. This early variety produces excellent yields of flavorful red and blue-green kale leaves with pretty purple-red veins and stems. Very flavorful and tender. Perfect steamed, boiled, baked, soups, or stirfry. Also a good freezing variety. Highly nutritional with powerful antioxidants. Very winter hardy withstands colder weather, tolerates cold temperatures to -10 F. Cold Tolerant. It will continuously produce greens throughout the season: spring, summer, fall, and winter. Also known as Buda Kale and Ragged Jack Kale. Suitable for hydroponics gardening. An excellent choice for home gardens, market growers, and open field production. A pre-1885 heirloom from Russia. United States Department of Agriculture, AMES 26645.



[KL7-750 - Siberian Kale](#)

60 days. Brassica napus. Open Pollinated. This early variety produces excellent yields of light blue-green leaves with white stems and ruffled edges. Used fresh in salads and on sandwiches or cooked. It is one of the best varieties for salads. Light frost improves tenderness and flavor. Suitable for Northern parts of the country. Great variety for wildlife forage, preferred forage for deer. An excellent choice for home gardens. An heirloom variety from Russia. United States Department of Agriculture, AMES 26626

